Supporting Students with Language-Based Learning Disorders

IECA Orlando 11/14

Optimal School and College Placement

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Screening: Where's the Problem?

Language-Based Learning Disorders

Defined as a significant delay in areas of...

Listening

Speaking

Reading

Writing



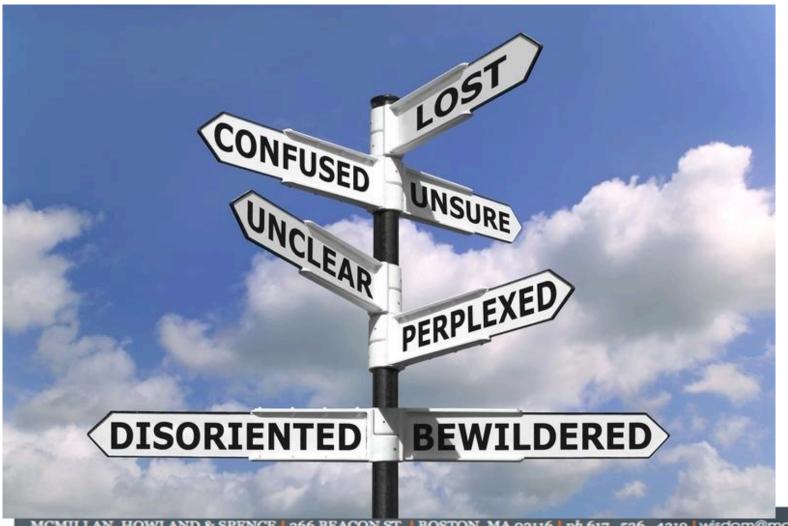


Four Data Points

- 1. The student
- 2. The parent
- 3. The teacher
- 4. The testing









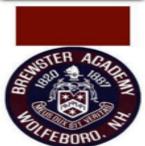


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What is the Primary Issue of Concern?





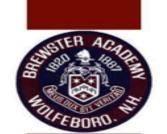


Language-Based Disorders

- Dyslexia (decoding/fluency)
- Reading comprehension
 (due to dyslexia/communication)
- Communication disorders

 (understanding or expression information)
- Dysgraphia (written expression)
- Dyscalculia (math disorder)





The Impact on Learning

- Input: Symbol recognition, syntax/text comprehension
 - Reading and Language
- Integration: Interpretation, sequencing and incorporation
 - Language, working/short memory, attention/EF
- Storage: Short term memory incorporated with learned information
 - -- Memory, attention/EF, conceptual skills
- Output: Speed and accuracy of how learned information is reproduced
 - -- Processing speed, graph motor dexterity, language skills









Aspects of a Strong Reader

Accuracy Speed Fluency Comprehension

Identifying Key Areas of Deficit

Accuracy: Reading most words accurately

Rate: Reading at a rate to comprehend

Fluency: Reading text at an appropriate rate, smoothly, and

automatically

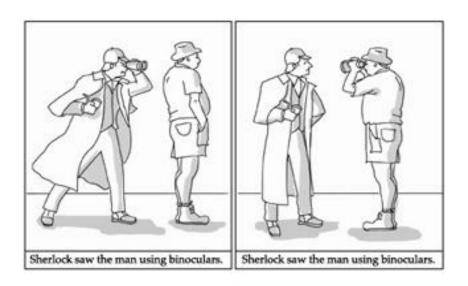
Comprehension: Understanding the *who, what, where, how and* **why** (must interpret meaning within syntax)





Impact of Syntactical Skills

- **Syntax:** order of words and relationship between meanings of words
 - that governs larger meaningful phrases,
- **Pragmatics**: concerned with the social use of language situational context, implicit







If a student hates to read at 16...







Be Careful of School and College Placement







Writing and Speaking



Reading Speed and Accuracy = Fluency

- Accuracy:
- Phonemes /Attention (ocular)
- Rate
- Phonemes/ Processing speed

Reading or Listening Comprehension

- Main Idea
- Inferential/higher order

Writing/Speaking

- Syntax/Artic
- Vocabulary
- Focus
- Organization
- Spelling
- Punctuation/grammar



Writing

Speaking

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Syntax

Syntax



Spelling

Articulation



Vocabulary

Vocabulary

Grammar

Grapho motor

Organization

Student Case Studies

Mandy

- strong decoding and math fluency skills
- weaknesses in: vocabulary, reading comprehension and word math problems, working memory
- difficulty listening to lectures and writing notes





Student Case Studies

Jack

- •low rate of output: papers and timed tests
- •low processing speed
- •fluent speaker
- weak graphomotor skills
- has anxiety





Two Big Pitfalls

- Mistaking a communication disorder for dyslexia or inattention
- Mistaking poor fine motor weaknesses for global poor processing issues





Impact on College Placement

- Three Types of College supports:
 Accommodations, Services, and Comprehensive
- Student must be familiar with evaluations, IEP's, 504 plans
- Testing must be within 3 years
- Many colleges can provide Accommodations; only Comprehensive colleges can provide significant modifications
- Finally: DEMYSTIFY LEARNING STYLE!





Secondary School and College Support Programs

How is it determined that the student needs support?
What are the various types of support programs?
How is technology used?
What types of support will the student need for college?





What Can We do About it?

- Knowledge of Student
 - Parent, Teacher, School Reports, and Testing
- Knowledge of Different Types of Support Programs





Different Types of Support Programs

Accommodation

Tutorial Support

On staff support 1:1, 1:2, small group

Tutor Content/Skill

Extra Help
Accommodations

Services

Program Support

Specialist 1:2 3x, 2x, 1x per week

Tutor Skill/Content

Structured Study Accommodations

Comprehensive

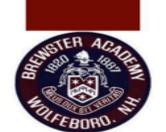
Systemic Support

1:1 Specialist Daily Tutorial

Tutor Skill/Content

Structured Study Accommodations





Admissions Stage

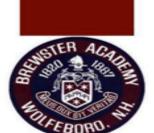
Identification

Triangulation of Information

- Formal testing
- Psych-Ed testing
- Standardized (ERB, SSAT, TOEFL)
- Survey Questionnaires

-Parent, Student, Teachers





Entrance & Placement Schools

Certification

Patterns of Strengths & Needs

- -File Review (comprehensive view)
- -Student Interview
- -Curriculum Based Measures
- -Placement Tests

Provide: Appropriate level of support





What does a School with a Strong Support Program look like?





Within School Leveled Approach

•Non-native English Speakers

ESL I, ESL 2 class

•Instructional Support Program

Weekly: 3x, 2x,1x

Writing Center Class

Math Center Class

Change in Plan

Semester/Trimester: Performance and Evidence based decisions to reduce the level of support is determined

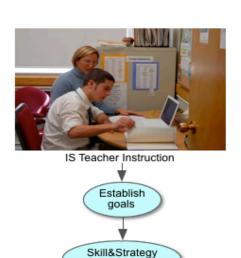




Comprehensive & Integrated Approach

Support Teacher: 3 Roles

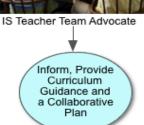




Practice

Assess & Provide Performance Feedback

















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How is Student Growth Measured?

Triangulation of Information: Skills & Strats.= Goals

- Formal: Testing (Psych./Ach. & IOWA/ERB)
- Informal:
 - Curriculum Based measures
 - Observation
 - Student Reflection
- School Based: Class, Grades, Level, Recognition
- Goal Setting





Customized Learning Experience



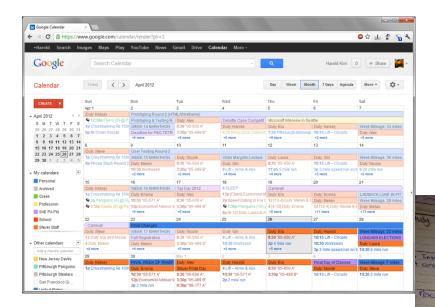












Time Management Organization

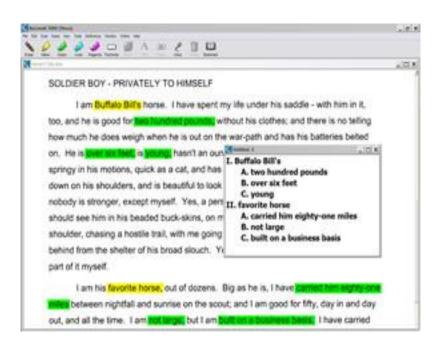






Reading

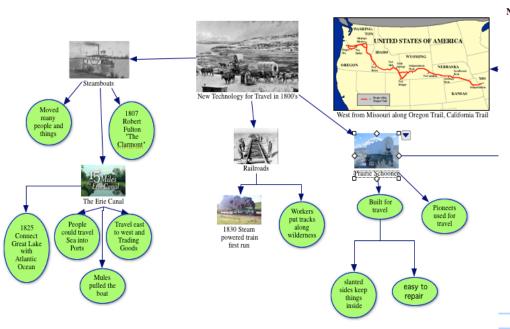








Writing



New Technology for Travel in 1800's

I. Steamboats

- A. Moved many people and things
- B. 1807 Robert Fulton "The Clarmont"
- C. The Erie Canal
 - 1. 1825 Connect Great Lake with Atlantic Ocean
 - 2. People could travel Sea into Ports
 - 3. Mules pulled the boat
 - 4. Travel east to west and Trading Goods

II. Railroads

- A. 1830 Steam powered train first run
- B. Workers put tracks along wilderness

III. Prairie Schooner

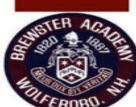
- A. West from Missouri along Oregon Trail, California Trail
- B. Pioneers used for travel
- C. Built for travel
 - 1. slanted sides keep things inside
 - 2. easy to repair





Optimizing the College Experience

- H&S



- Know the Student
 - Strengths and Needs
 - Level of Independency
 - Learning Style
 - Strategies
 - Advocacy
 - Accommodations
- Type of College Support
 - Case A Mandy
 - Case B Jack

Optimal College Placement and Support



Academic Mentors Peer Tutors Study Skill tutors Math Lab Center: Drop in Wrtg.

Accommodations: Ext. time

Connecticut College, Fairfield Villanova, Florida State



Services

Academic Support
Skills Tutorial: 1:1, group
Study skills
Time Management

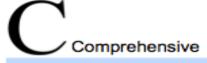
Course Tutorial Centers

Writing
 Math

Accommodations: Ext. time, Kurzweil, e-books, scribe

MANDY

University of Connecticut, Northeastern, New England College, Eckerd



Academic Support Skills Tutorial: 1:1 Enrichment Courses

Course Tutorial Centers

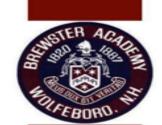
- Peer Tutoring
- Supplemental
- Writing
- Math

Accommodations:Ext. time, Dragon NaturallySpeaking, Kurzweil, Inspiration, e-books

JACK

Landmark College, Mitchell, Dean, Mercyhurst, Curry, Lynn





Questions?





